



2024 Financial **Statements**

Auditors:

PKF Hamilton

Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated

Directory

For the Year Ended 31 July 2024

Legal name of entity: Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated

Type of entity and legal status: Incorporated Society

Registration number: 214043

Registered office: Te Rapa Racecourse

Te Rapa Road HAMILTON

Nature of business: Waikato Thoroughbred Racing is the host club conducting

18 licenses of the 19 race days held at Te Rapa

Racecourse, Hamilton. All 11 of the licenses held on the Cambridge Synthetic Track are conducted by Waikato

Thoroughbred Racing.

Board of Directors: Bruce Harvey (Chairperson)

John Elstob Carolyn Christian Mark Fraser-Campin

Mark Irwin Glenn Holmes Ben Speedy

Independent auditor: PKF Hamilton Audit Limited

1026 Victoria Street Hamilton, 3240



Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated Contents of Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 July 2024

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Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Consolidated Statement of Service Performance For the year ended 31 July 2024

Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated is an Incorporated Society registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908. The Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Group consists of the club (the parent) and its controlled entities Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership. The limited partnerships are registered under the Limited Partnership Act 2008, with the Club being the sole limited partner.

Waikato Thoroughbred Racing is the host club conducting 18 licenses of the 19 race days held at Te Rapa Racecourse, Hamilton. All 11 of the licenses held on the Cambridge Synthetic Track are conducted by Waikato Thoroughbred Racing. The Hamilton racetrack is one of the best in the country and provides an excellent surface all year round. Cambridge has the largest training centre in Australasia and provides a consistant surface for winter racing.

Outcome:

Promoting and advancing thoroughbred racing in all its forms in New Zealand.

Outputs:

	180	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
> Total number of Race days in a year		29	18
> Total track maintenance spending		2,935,832	562,630

Outcome:

Maintaining and striving to further improve conditions that support positive welfare outcomes for thoroughbreds in New Zealand.

Outputs:

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
> Total spending on advertising and promotions	85,239	100,823
> Total sponsorships received during the year	627,616	527,634

Costs.

The directly attributable expenditure associated with race meetings for the year amounts to \$11,806,943 (2023: \$10,464,608)





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses For the year ended 31 July 2024

	Notes	Group 2024	Group 2023
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Race meeting revenues	5	13,617,536	12,182,578
Rental income	6	1,859,056	1,449,884
Rendering of services	7	50,870	71,527
Other revenue	8	2,206,396	111,807
Finance revenue		31,071	9,060
Total revenue from exchange transactions		17,764,929	13,824,856
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Race meeting grants	5	100,000	<u>-</u>
Other revenue	8	528,961	-
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions	_	628,961	-
TOTAL REVENUE	-	18,393,890	13,824,856
Expenses			
Race meeting costs and expenses	5	11,806,943	10,464,608
Expenses from rendering of services	7	25,427	17,900
Property expenses	6	444,781	390,070
Other operating expenses	9	4,385,339	1,497,117
TOTAL EXPENSES	-	16,662,490	12,369,695
	-	1,731,400	1,455,161
Interest, depreciation, and amortisation expense			
Depreciation and amortisation	12 & 14	1,760,932	360,430
Finance expense		799,057	543,096
Total interest, depreciation and amortisation expense		2,559,989	903,526
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(828,589)	551,635
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses		-	-
Total comprehensive revenue and expenses	-	(828,589)	551,635
	=	T-0-8-1	





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 31 July 2024

		Group Retained	Group
		earnings	Total
	Note	\$	\$
Balance as at 31 July 2022		15,765,438	15,765,438
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year		551,635	551,635
Other comprehensive revenue and expense		-	-
Balance as at 31 July 2023	=	16,317,073	16,317,073
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year		(828,589)	(828,589)
Other comprehensive revenue and expense Retained earnings transferred on amalgamation:		•	•
- Cambridge Jockey Club Incorporated	23	11,288,744	11,288,744
- Waipa Racing Club Incorporated	23	1,092,623	1,092,623
Total retained earnings transferred on amalgamation	#270000 - 10	12,381,367	12,381,367
Balance as at 31 July 2024	=	27,869,851	27,869,851





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 July 2024

		Group 2024	Group 2023
	Notes	\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,666,915	861,253
Receivables from exchange transactions	11	416,456	66,744
GST Receivables		43,682	70,255
Prepayments and other assets		67,935	203,270
Inventories		875	876
Other current financial assets	13 _	118,796	112,515
Total current assets		2,314,659	1,314,913
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	23,161,186	9,909,156
Investment property	14 _	13,131,622	13,138,028
Total non-current assets		36,292,808	23,047,184
Total assets		38,607,467	24,362,097
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	565,610	496,358
Employee entitlements	16	284,062	119,664
Income received in advance		154,836	19,913
Other financial liabilities	18	153,108	109,089
Borrowings	17 _	380,000	4,000,000
Total current liabilities	-	1,537,616	4,745,024
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	17 _	9,200,000	3,300,000
Total non-current liabilities	-	9,200,000	3,300,000
Total liabilities		10,737,616	8,045,024
Net assets		27,869,851	16,317,073
Net assets comprised of:		27 960 954	16 217 072
Retained earnings		27,869,851	16,317,073
Total net assets		27,869,851	16,317,073

Approved by:

16 October 2024

Date:





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 July 2024

Cash flows from operating activities Notes \$ Cash was received from: 11,677,744 9,687,042 Other race meeting receipts 1,393,793 2,495,536 Grants and subsidies 717,946 717,946 Fees, subscriptions and other receipts from members 13,208 35,488 Receipts from providing goods or services 4,100,685 1,444,326 Net GST received 66,985 (11,521) Cash was applied to: 2 1,730,162 1,779,42) Net cash flows from operating activities 1,730,162 1,472,929 Cash flows from investing activities 29,228 9,061 Cash was received from: 12,762 - Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment interest received 29,228 9,061 Cash was applied to: Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (746,619) (318,427) Net cash flows from financing activities 39,323 - Cash flows from financing activities 39,323 - Cash was applied to: (13,599) - Finance lease liability			Group 2024	Group 2023
Industry profit distribution		Notes		
Net GST received 66,985 (11,521) Cash was applied to: Payments to suppliers and employees (16,786,199) (12,177,942) Net cash flows from operating activities 1,730,162 1,472,929 Cash flows from investing activities 2 1,472,929 Cash was received from: Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment Interest received 122,762 - Cash was applied to: Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (746,619) (318,427) Net cash flows from investing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash flows from financing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash was received from: Proceeds from borrowings Funds transferred on amalgamation 39,323 - Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: Finance lease liability (13,599) - Cash was applied to: Finance lease liability (130,000) (400,000) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 <t< td=""><td>Industry profit distribution Other race meeting receipts Grants and subsidies Fees, subscriptions and other receipts from members</td><td></td><td>1,939,793 717,946 13,208</td><td>2,495,536 - 35,488</td></t<>	Industry profit distribution Other race meeting receipts Grants and subsidies Fees, subscriptions and other receipts from members		1,939,793 717,946 13,208	2,495,536 - 35,488
Payments to suppliers and employees (16,786,199) (12,177,942) Net cash flows from operating activities 1,730,162 1,472,929 Cash flows from investing activities 3,730,162 1,472,929 Cash was received from: 122,762 - Interest received 29,228 9,061 Cash was applied to: 29,228 9,061 Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (746,619) (318,427) Net cash flows from investing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash flows from financing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash was received from: 39,323 - Proceeds from borrowings 39,323 - Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: (13,599) - Finance lease liability (13,599) - Loan repaid (100,000) (400,000) Interest paid (803,133) (543,096) Net lincrease / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
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Cash was received from: Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment 122,762 - Interest received 29,228 9,061 Cash was applied to: Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (746,619) (318,427) Net cash flows from investing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash flows from financing activities Cash was received from: Proceeds from borrowings 39,323 - Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: Finance lease liability (13,599) - Loan repaid (100,000) (400,000) Interest paid (803,133) (543,096) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: 20,467 861,253 Cash on hand and in bank 10 1,666,915 861,253	Net cash flows from operating activities		1,730,162	1,472,929
Interest received 29,228 9,061				
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (746,619) (318,427) Net cash flows from investing activities (594,629) (309,366) Cash flows from financing activities 2 39,323 - Cash was received from: 39,323 - - Proceeds from borrowings 39,323 - - Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: (13,599) - Finance lease liability (13,599) - Loan repaid (100,000) (400,000) Interest paid (803,133) (543,096) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: 861,253 861,253				- 9,061
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Cash was received from: 39,323 - Proceeds from borrowings 39,323 - Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: (13,599) - Finance lease liability (100,000) (400,000) Loan repaid (803,133) (543,096) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: 20,467 861,253 Cash on hand and in bank 10 1,666,915 861,253	Net cash flows from investing activities		(594,629)	(309,366)
Funds transferred on amalgamation 547,538 - Cash was applied to: Finance lease liability (13,599) Loan repaid (100,000) (400,000) Interest paid (803,133) (543,096) Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash (943,096) Closing Cash (943,096) This is represented by: Cash on hand and in bank (10,000) (400,000) Cash (100,000) (400,000) (400,000) Cash (803,133) (543,096) Cash (943,096) Cash (943,096) Cash (100,000) (400,000) Cash (803,133) (543,096) Cash (100,000) (400,000) Cash (100,000) (400,000) Cash (803,133) (543,096) Cash (100,000) (400,000) Cash (1				
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Net cash flows from financing activities (329,871) (943,096) Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: 10 1,666,915 861,253	Finance lease liability Loan repaid		(100,000)	, , , ,
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash 805,662 220,467 Opening Cash 861,253 640,786 Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: 30 1,666,915 861,253 Cash on hand and in bank 10 1,666,915 861,253				
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Closing Cash 1,666,915 861,253 This is represented by: Cash on hand and in bank 10 1,666,915 861,253				
Cash on hand and in bank 10 1,666,915 861,253				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 1,666,915 861,253		10	1,666,915	861,253
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		1,666,915	861,253





1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

As at 1 August 2023, the entities Cambridge Jockey Club Incorporated and Waipa Racing Club Incorporated were amalgamated with Waikato Racing Club Incorporated. On the same date, Waikato Racing Club changed its trading name to Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated ("the Club"). Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated is an incorporated society registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908. The financial statements of Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Club Incorporated consists of the Club (the parent) and its controlled entities Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership (together the Group). The limited partnerships are registered under the Limited Partnerships Act 2008, with the Club continue to be the sole limited partner.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The consolidated financial statements are presented for the year ending 31 July 2024.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Principal Activities and primary objective

The primary objective of the Club is to promote, conduct and control thoroughbred racing, and the principal activity of the Club is to hold and promote thoroughbred racing at the Club's racecourses in Te Rapa Hamilton, Cambridge, and Te Awamutu. The principal activity is supported by sponsorship income, function revenue and the rental income of investment properties which are held in the limited partnerships.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved and were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 7 October 2024. The Board of Directors does not have the power to amend these financial statements once issued.

2. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with Public Benefit Entity International Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PBE IPSAS") and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate that have been authorised for use by the External Reporting Board for Not-For-Profit entities. For the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP, the Group is a public benefit not-for-profit entity and is eligible to apply Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE IPSAS on the basis that it does not have public accountability and it is not defined as large.

The Board of Directors have elected to report in accordance with Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE Accounting Standards and in doing so has taken advantage of all applicable Reduced Disclosure Regime ("RDR") disclosure concessions.

3. Changes in accounting policies

Consistent with the requirements of PBE IPSAS 40, the comparative balance only reflects the audited balances of Waikato Racing Club Incorporated for 2023. The current year's Consolidated Statement of Service Performance, Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows reflects the results of the amalgamated entities Waikato Racing Club, Cambridge Jockey Club, and Waipa Racing Club.

The impact of the amalgamation is disclosed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

There have been no changes in accounting policies during the current financial year.





4. Summary of accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements as set out below have been applied consistently to both years presented in these financial statements.

(a) Basis of measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

(b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statement of the club and its controlled subsidiaries (the Group) as at 31 July 2024.

Controlled entities are all those entities over which the Club (the controlling entity) has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Club, using consistent accounting policies. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated form the date on which control is lost. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a controlled entity acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the financial statements from the date the Group gains the control until the date the Group ceases to control the controlled entity.

(d) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.

The Group receives revenue from both exchange and non-exchange transactions. An exchange transaction is defined as a transaction in which one entity receives assets or services (or has liabilities extinguished) and directly gives approximately equal value to another entity in exchange.

A non-exchange transaction is a transaction in which the group receives an asset (such as cash), but does not provide approximately equal value in return. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is recognised on receipt, unless there is an associated condition.

Where there is a condition, a liability is recognised on receipt of the funds and revenue is recognised (and the liability extinguished) as the condition is met.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.

(i) Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Grant Revenue

Grant revenue includes grants given by other charitable organisations, and businesses. Grant revenue is recognised when the conditions attached to the grant has been complied with. Where there are unfulfilled conditions attaching to the grant, the amount relating to the unfulfilled condition is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.





(d) Revenue (continued)

(ii) Revenue from exchange transactions

Race meeting revenue

Race meeting revenues comprise the amounts received or receivable for services provided and goods sold that directly relate to race meeting events conducted by the Club during the financial year. These primarily include industry distributions from the New Zealand Racing Board (NZRB) and the Code and other receipts that directly relate to the Club's race meeting activities from members of the Club (aside from membership fees included in other revenue) and third parties in the form of grants, sponsorships, and subsidies.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Rental income on investment property

Rental income from investment property is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

Track revenue

The Club's track revenue consisted mainly of track hireage and jumpouts. Revenue from track hireage and jumpouts is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense at time of sale.

Amounts received in advance for services to be provided in future periods are recognised as a liability until such time as the service is provided.

(e) Income tax expense

The Group is exempt from New Zealand income tax pursuant to section CW 47(2) of the Income Tax Act 2007.

(f) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Group is registered for GST. Therefore, amounts recorded in the financial statements are exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables which are inclusive of GST.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(h) Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at the fair value of the amount to be received and subsequently measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment loss due to uncollectibility. Impairment is assessed if there is objective evidence that the customer cannot settle the amount due to the Group. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured using the cost model, at carried at cost net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Plant and machinery and office equipment are measured using the cost model.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when the Group assesses that it has no further economic benefits or service potential expected from its use. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in surplus or deficit.





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2024

(i) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the useful life of the asset. Except for the synthethic track and motor vehicle, Depreciation is charged at rates calculated to allocate the cost of the asset less any estimated residual value over its remaining useful life.

Synthethic track and motor vehicle are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Lands are not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Buildings: 0% - 33% DV
Plant and equipment: 2% - 80% DV
Synthetic Track: 5% - 20% SL
Motor vehicles: 10% - 48% SL
Office equipment: 2% - 67% DV
Capital work in progress: 0%

(j) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, for supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Investment property acquired through non-exchange transactions is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Therefore all the PBE IPSAS 17's requirements apply to the investment properties. The group assesses the fair value of investment properties at each reporting date. Where the is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss will be recognised in surplus or deficit.

The Group adopts the following depreciation rates over its investment properties:

- Building Fit-out 10% DV
- Buildings 2% RV

The buildings are depreciated on the residual value of the building. The residual value of the buildings is expected to be equal or above the carrying amount of the buildings. This assessment is carried out annually by the Board.

Derecognition

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in surplus or deficit in the year of retirement or disposal.

(k) Financial instruments

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at:

- · amortised cost;
- · fair value through surplus of deficit (FVTSD); or
- · fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense (FVTOCRE)

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTOCRE.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTOCRE:

- it is held within a management model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely prepayments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.





(k) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial Assets (continued)

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, and receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost. The Group's investments at fair value are classified as financial assets at FVTOCRE on the basis they are managed, and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis.

A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through surplus or deficit unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense.

Financial Assets - Subsequent Measurement and Gains and Losses

Financial assets at FVTOCRE - These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses.

Financial assets at FVTSD - These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses are recognised in Surplus or Deficit.

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost - These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses.

Financial Liabilities - Classification, Subsequent Measurement and Gains and Losses

All of the Group's financial liabilities meet the criteria to be classified as measured at amortised cost. These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses. The Group's financial liabilities include payables and borrowings.

(I) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, if there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit for the reporting period.

In determining whether there are any objectives evidence of impairment, the Group first assesses whether there are objective evidence of impairment for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively significant for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that there is no objective evidence of impairment for an individually assessed financial asset, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment for impairment.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. If the reversal results in the carrying amount exceeding its amortised cost, the amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.





(m) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, property plant and equipment and investment property, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For non-financial cash-generating assets, except for those assets that are measured using the revaluation model, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. An asset's or CGU's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated.

(n) Impairment of non-cash generating assets

For non-financial non-cash-generating assets, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a non-cash-generating asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of the non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expenses.

(o) Leases

Payments on operating lease agreements, where the lessor retains substantially the risk and rewards of ownership of an asset, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(p) Interest bearing loans and borrowings

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are classified as non-current liabilities as the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(r) Employee benefits

Employee benefits include accrued wages, annual leave, alternative leave and sick leave. Short-term employee entitlement liabilities are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation to remunerate employees for services provided within 12 months of reporting date, and is measured on an undiscounted basis and expensed in the period in which employment services are provided.





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2024

(s) Signficant judgements and estimates

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In the preparation of the Group Limited's financial statements, management have made the following judgements, estimates and assumptions which would affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses:

Revenue Recognition

Revenue must be classified as arising from either exchange or non-exchange transactions. Where there is a non-exchange transaction, management must determine whether there are associated conditions (a condition is a requirement to return assets that have not been used for the purposes specified by the other party to the transaction).

Information on the manner in which exchange and non-exchange transactions are accounted as provided in the accounting policy on revenue.

Useful lives of property, plant, and equipment

The Board reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The Board believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at Note 12.

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease, no such asset is recognised. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20.





	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revenue from exchange transactions		
ndustry profit distribution	11,677,744	9,687,042
Acceptance fees	404,612	945,767
On-course totalisator income	277,489	248,822
Race meeting sponsorships	627,616	527,634
Bar sales (race meeting days related)	521,622	640,921
Admission and Privilege Revenue	72,542	57,806
Other race meeting income	35,911	74,586
Total Race meeting Revenue - Exchange	13,617,536	12,182,578
Revenue from non-exchange transactions		
Grant Received	100,000	•
Total Race Meeting revenue - non-exchange	100,000	•
Total Race meeting Revenue	13,717,536	12,182,578
Expenditure		
itakes	10,389,973	9,134,676
otaliser expenses	13,453	15,763
Advertising and promotions	85,239	100,823
Direct race meeting operating costs	597,569	422,328
cace meeting sponsorship costs	81,644	79,127
ace book costs	46,858	50,960
ar, Function and Package Expenses	343,975	462,422
alaries and wages (direct)	248,232	198,509
otal race meeting costs & expenses	11,806,943	10,464,608
Net race meeting surplus/(deficit)	1,910,593	1,717,970
Property rental revenue and expenses		
	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Rental Income	1 000 101	4 400
Rental income from properties	1,239,121	1,169,707
Parking and field income	38,995	38,495
ther Rental income	352,978	30,000
Opex income	227,962	211,682
otal rental income	1,859,056	1,449,884
Rental Costs		
Property Expenses	305,686	194,905
OPEX expenses	139,095	195,165
Total rental cost	444,781	390,070





Revenue from rendering of services		
	Group 2024	Group 2023
	\$	\$
Function revenue	12,637	14,385
Venue Hire revenue	38,233	57,142
Total revenue from rendering of services	50,870	71,527
Function costs	25,427	17,900
Net revenue from rendering of services	25,443	53,627

	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revenue from exchange transactions		
Sponsorship income	41,500	50,500
Members subscription income	13,208	35,488
Track revenue	2,151,688	25,819
Total other exchange revenue	2,206,396	111,807
Revenue from non-exchange transactions		
MBIE synthetic track construction grant funding *	214,335	4-4-1
NZTR synthetic track maintenance grant funding **	113,000	
NZTR starting gate grant funding ***	201,626	-
Total other non-exchange revenue	528,961	
Total other operating revenue	2,735,357	111,807

^{*} Final payment from MBIE for the construction of the Synthetic track in Cambridge

^{***} NZTR's one-off contribution towards set of 16 starting gates to replace Waikato Racing's existing set of 14 gates

Other operating expenses			
	Group	Group	
	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	
Administration salaries and wages	2,127,721	816,557	
Accounting fees	106,884	40,011	
Audit fees	30,185	17,328	
Entertainment	2,356	1,678	
Fuel expenses	112,217	23,856	
Repairs and maintenance	1,310,974	137,839	
Legal and professional fees	2,768	4,976	
Lease expenses	41,373	27,839	
Merger Costs	62,763	102,198	
Irrigation expenses	4,306	9,477	
Utilities and insurance	338,073	145,086	
Stationery, printing and postage	14,291	7,121	
Other expenses	198,525	145,733	
Telephone & computer expenses	32,903	17,418	
Total other operating expenses	4,385,339	1,497,117	





^{**} NZTR's 50% contribution to 4 year re-wax programmed maintenance of the Cambridge Synthetic track

	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
ASB Cheque account	351,835	354,488
ASB Savings account	407,622	2,581
ANZ Cheque account	907,273	297,264
ANZ Call account		205,170
ASB Business Cheque account	The state of the s	1,565
Cash floats	185	185
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,666,915	861,253

Receivables	经通过的公司	
	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Receivables from exchange transactions		
Trade receivables	416,456	66,744
	416,456	66,744





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended 31 July 2024

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	Openi	Opening balances (Group)	roup)	Curi	ent year m	Current year movements (Group)	oup)	Closin	Closing balances (Group)	roup)
as at 31 July 2024	Cost/	Acc.	Carrying		Disposal/		Less Depreciation	Cost /	Acc. depreciation/	Carrying
	valuation	impairment	amount	Additions	Transfers	Transfers Depreciation on disposal	on disposal	valuation	impairment	amount
	65	S	S	S	s	59	69	55	S	55
Land and buildings	14,372,983	(4,991,194)	9,381,789	3,742,061		(458,518)	•	18,115,044	(5,449,712)	12,665,332
Synthetic Track				10,155,943		(1,110,589)		10,155,943	(1,110,589)	9,045,354
Plant and equipment	1,320,545	(882,202)	438,343	513,669	(94,517)	(112,118)		1,739,697	(994,320)	745,377
Office equipment	133,062	(120,799)	12,263	9,090		(4,112)		142,152	(124,911)	17,241
Motor Vehicles	266,199	(189,438)	76,761	347,048	(31,343)	(69,188)		581,904	(258,626)	323,278
Property Development - Work in Progress				364,604				364,604		364,604
	16 000 780	(6,183,633)	(6,183,633) 9,909,156	15,132,415 (125,860) (1,754,525)	(125,860)	(1,754,525)		31,099,344	(7,938,158)	23,161,186

Land and buildings

14,372,983

(4,715,936)

9,657,047

465,405 13,830 88,582

37,602

(275,258) (64,664) (1,567)

1,282,943

133,062 266,199

> (817,538) (119,232)

(177,617)

valuation

Cost

depreciation/ impairment

Carrying

amount

Additions

Transfers Depreciation

Less
Depreciation
on disposal

valuation

Cost /

depreciation/ impairment

Carrying

amount

Acc.

Closing balances (Group)

14,372,983

(4,991,194)

9,381,789

1,320,545 133,062

(882,202) (120,799)

438,343 12,263 76,761 Disposal/

Acc.

Opening balances (Group)

Current year movements (Group)

as at 31 July 2023

Plant and equipment Office equipment

Motor Vehicles

16,055,187

(5,830,323)

10,224,864

37,602

(11,821) (353,310)

16,092,789

(6,183,633)

9,909,156

266,199

(189, 438)





Other current financial assets	and the first of 	
	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Opening balance ANZ term deposists	112,516	108,846
Add interest received & reinvested	6,280	3,669
Closing balance	118,796	112,515

On behalf of the James and Anne Sarten Memorial Fund, the Group holds funds in a term deposit with ANZ bank for which interest revenue is recognized during the term of the investment. The fund is restricted for a specific purpose and is therefore rolled on an annual and continuing basis.

nvestment property	Group	Group
		Group
	2024	2023
On anima halanaa at d. Ausarat	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 August	-4-	
Land at cost	2,654,944	2,654,944
Buildings at cost	10,498,114	10,217,287
	13,153,058	12,872,231
Additions/ Transfer		280,827
Disposals/ Transfer		-
Accumulated depreciation	(21,436)	(15,030)
Closing balance at 31 July	13,131,622	13,138,028
Depreciation charges for the year	6,406	7,120
Trade and other payables		
Trade and other payables	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade payables	354,183	308,597
Accrued expenses	211,427	187,761
Total trade and other payables	565,610	496,358
Payables for Exchange Transactions	565,610	496,358
Employee entitlements		
Employee entitlements	Group	Group
Employee entitlements	Group 2024	Group 2023
Employee entitlements		
Employee entitlements Salaries and wages payable	2024	2023
	2024 \$	2023 \$





Group 2024 \$	Group 2023 \$
380,000	4,000,000
9,200,000	3,300,000
9,580,000	7,300,000
	2024 \$ 380,000

The Group has borrowings with ASB Bank for a sum of \$7.2 million (2023: \$7.2 million). The borrowings bear interest rates of 8.18% - 8.24% (2023: 8.15% - 8.84%) per annum.

The Group also has borrowings with ANZ bank with a total sum of \$2.38 mil (2023; Nil). The borrowings bear interest rates of 8.15% - 8.84% (2023; Nil) per annum.

The Group has a total undrawn interest-bearing borrowing facilities with ANZ and ASB of \$716,247 as at 31 July 2024. All banking covenants associated with interest-bearing borrowings were complied with on 31 July 2024.

The intention of the club is to roll over the loan every 12 months and only repay capital when it has surplus funds. On this basis, except for the overdraft facility drawn down of \$380,000 (2023: Nil), all other borrowings with ASB and ANZ bank have been recognised as non-current borrowings.

ASB Security:

Borrowings are secured by a first charge over land and buildings held as the Group's investment property with carrying value of \$13,131,622. Together with general security deeds over all assets of Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership.

ANZ Security:

The borrowing relates to the Cambridge Jockey Club's Synthetic Track. The costs of construction to date have been capitalized and form part of the Group's Property, Plant, and Equipment as of 1 August 2023 on amalgamation. There is a general security agreement granted and a first mortgage over the club's property at 32 Racecourse Road, Cambridge.

18	Other financial liabilities		
		Group	Group
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
	J & A Sarten Memorial Fund	100,000	100,000
	Loan from J F Grylls Trust	18,940	
	Jockey's Support Fund	2,536	
	UDC finance Loan	25,724	
	Deposits and bonds	5,908	9,089
		153,108	109,089





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Group	Group
2024	2023
\$	\$
1,666,915	861,253
416,456	66,744
118,796	112,515
2,202,167	1,040,512
565,610	496,358
153,108	109,089
9,580,000	7,300,000
10,298,718	7,905,447
	2024 \$ 1,666,915 416,456 118,796 2,202,167 565,610 153,108 9,580,000

20 Commitment and contingencies

1) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments - Group as lessee

As at reporting date, the Group has entered into various non-cancellable operating lease contracts with a term averaging between 3 - 5 years for the motor vehicles and peripherals building and office equipment. Operating lease payments are recognised as an operating expense in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The following table shows the minimum rental payables relating to the lease contracts as at reporting date:

Group	Group
2024	2023
\$	\$
38,628	19,020
67,599	29,975
106,227	48,995
	2024 \$ 38,628 67,599

2) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

As at reporting date, the Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio consisting of the Group's office buildings. These non-cancellable leases have remaining terms of between five and twenty years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charges on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions. Future minimum rentals receivables under non cancellable leases at 31 July 2024 are as follows:

	Group	Group	
	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	
Within 1 year	1,228,012	1,116,509	
After 1 year but not more than 5 years	9,926,483	9,679,440	
More than 5 years	12,268,556	12,316,803	
	23,423,051	23,112,752	

3) Capital commitments

The Club has no capital commitments.

4) Contingencies

The Group has no contingent liabilities or assets as of 31 July 2024





21 Related party transactions

Waikato Thoroughbred Racing own 100% of Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership.

The Group's transactions with its related party entities are interest free and are made on normal terms. As of reporting date, the Group has no impaired receivables from related parties.

The aggregate remuneration of key management personnel and the number of individuals determined on a full-time equivalent basis receiving remuneration is as follows:

	Group	Group
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Total remuneration	810,983	487,665
Number of persons	5.0	3.0

During the reporting period, total remuneration and compensation of \$39,169 (2023: Nil) was provided by the Group to employees who are close family members of key management personnel.

No remuneration is paid to Directors on the Board.

Transaction with the Directors:

During the 2024 financial year, the following transactions incurred with the Directors.

		Group 2024 \$	Group 2023 \$
John Elstob	Membership fees	30	125
	Package sales & function fees	11,326	16,271
	Sponsorship received	26,000	27,600
Bruce Harvey	Membership fees	30	
	Track Fees	8,366	-
	Sponsorship received	5,750	-
Carolyn Christian	Membership fees	30	
	Sponsorship received	1,840	
Mark Fraser-Campi	in Membership fees	30	
	Track Fees	3,986	
Mark Irwin	Membership fees	30	4 102
	Track Fees	4,522	
Glenn Holmes	Membership fees	30	125

22 Subsequent event

There are no subsequent events that have occurred subsequent to the balance date that would have a material impact on the financials (2023: On 1 August 2023, Waikato Racing Club was merged with Cambridge Jockey Club and Waipa Racing Club. The Club subsequently changed its name to Waikato Thoroughbred Racing).





Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2024

23 Amalgamation

As at 1 August 2023, the following assets and liabilities of Waipa Racing Club Incorporated and Cambridge Jockey Club Incorporated were transferred to Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Club at book value. The following summarises the recognised amount of assets transferred and liabilities and retained earnings assumed at the date of amalgamation:

538
577
924
182)
490)
367
367
4

24 Comparatives

There has been a number of prior period comparatives that have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF WAIKATO THOROUGHBRED RACING INCORPORATED

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Waikato Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated ("the Club") on pages 3 to 23, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 July 2024, and the consolidated statement of service performance, the consolidated statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, consolidated statement of changes in net assets/equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects:

- the consolidated financial position of the Club as at 31 July 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended;
- the service performance for the year ended 31 July 2024, in accordance with the club's service performance criteria,

in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ("PBE Standards RDR") issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) ("ISAs (NZ)") and the audit of the service performance information in accordance with ISAs and New Zealand Auditing Standard (NZ AS 1) The Audit of Service Performance Information (NZ). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) International *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Club.

Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors are responsible on behalf of the Club for:

- a) the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements and statement of service performance in accordance with PBE Standards RDR issued by New Zealand Standards Board;
- service performance criteria that are suitable in order to prepare service performance information in accordance with PBE Standards RDR; and





 such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of directors are responsible on behalf of the Club for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board's website at:

Audit Report 13 » XRB

Who we Report to

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Club and the Board, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

Director

PKF Hamilton Audit Limited

Hamilton

New Zealand

16 October 2024

